

from, are made equally applicable in respect of the civil action authorized by this Act: *Provided, however,* That nothing in this Act does or shall constitute an admission of liability on the part of the United States.

Approved July 3, 1952.

Private Law 786

CHAPTER 564

July 3, 1952
[H. R. 5543]

AN ACT

For the relief of Mrs. Elisabeth Rosalia Haste.

39 Stat. 875.
8 USC 136.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provision of the eleventh category of section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended, Mrs. Elisabeth Rosalia Haste may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence if she is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of the immigration laws.

Approved July 3, 1952.

Private Law 787

CHAPTER 571

July 3, 1952
[H. R. 966]

AN ACT

For the relief of Mrs. Solveig Normanson.

64 Stat. 1006.
54 Stat. 1141.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding her conviction for wartime activities, Mrs. Solveig Normanson, a citizen of Norway who is the spouse of Mr. Christian Normanson, of Goldfield, Iowa, shall be held and considered to be admissible to the United States as a nonquota immigrant, if she is otherwise admissible under the immigration laws, and the provisions of section 1 (2) (c) of the Act of October 16, 1918, as amended, and section 305 (a) (3) of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended (64 Stat. 987; 8 U. S. C. 137, 705), shall not be held to be applicable to Mrs. Solveig Normanson.

Approved July 3, 1952.

Private Law 788

CHAPTER 572

July 3, 1952
[H. R. 1583]

AN ACT

For the relief of Francis A. Gunn.

Francis A. Gunn.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Francis A. Gunn, of South Weymouth, Massachusetts, the sum of \$6,984.82. Such sum represents reimbursement for actual additional costs incurred by the said Francis A. Gunn in constructing a building to be used as quarters by the South Weymouth branch of the Boston post office, such additional costs being caused by delay in the granting of the Civilian Production Administration authorization necessary for such construction: *Provided,* That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in

connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved July 3, 1952.

Private Law 789

CHAPTER 573

AN ACT

For the relief of Peter Mihaly Berend.

July 3, 1952
[H. R. 5687]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding those provisions of section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended, relating to date of application for an adjustment of immigration status, Peter Mihaly Berend may, at any time within six months following the effective date of this Act, apply to the Attorney General for an adjustment of his immigration status, and notwithstanding those provisions of said section 4 relating to status at the time of entry Peter Mihaly Berend shall, if he is otherwise qualified under the provisions of said section 4, be deemed to be a displaced person within the meaning of said section 4.

Approved July 3, 1952.

64 Stat. 224.
50 USC app.
1953.

Private Law 790

CHAPTER 589

AN ACT

To authorize the granting to Kaiser Steel Corporation of rights-of-way on, over, under, through, and across certain public lands, and of patent in fee to certain other public lands.

July 8, 1952
[H. R. 1853]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to Kaiser Steel Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Nevada, permanent rights-of-way, not exceeding two hundred feet in width, on, over, under, through, and across public lands of the United States in the county of Riverside, State of California, in the townships, ranges, and sections described in section 2 of this Act, for the purposes of constructing, operating, and maintaining any and all works, structures, facilities, roads, railroads, power lines, and pipelines necessary, convenient, incidental, or appurtenant to the operation of the mines, camp sites, and mill sites of Kaiser Steel Corporation in the vicinity of Eagle Mountain, Riverside County, in the State of California: *Provided*, That such rights-of-way be subject to existing rights in conflict therewith and shall be subject to reversion to the United States if the rights-of-way are abandoned or not used for a continuous period of seven years by said corporation or its successors in interest: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior shall attach and impose such further conditions on said rights-of-way, and promulgate such rules and regulations as he shall deem appropriate, consistent with the use of said rights-of-way for the purposes described in this Act.

Kaiser Steel
Corp.

SEC. 2. Said rights-of-way shall extend through all lands owned by the United States or any department or agency thereof in any of the following townships, ranges, and sections of Riverside County, in the State of California: